



TALKING WITH YOUR DOCTOR ABOUT CABLIVI

This guide will help you take an active role in managing your treatment.

How does CABLIVI work?

How is CABLIVI administered?

How will I learn to administer CABLIVI once I go home from the hospital?

What are some side effects that I might experience while taking CABLIVI?

What should I do if I forget one dose?

Will I continue to have symptoms of acquired thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (aTTP) after I take CABLIVI?

What if I have a recurrence of aTTP after stopping CABLIVI?



Take CABLIVI exactly as your doctor has prescribed. Do not stop treatment with CABLIVI even if you start to feel better. Talk to your doctor before making any decisions about your treatment.

INDICATION AND IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

What is CABLIVI?

CABLIVI (caplacizumab-yhdp) is a prescription medicine used for the treatment of adults and children 12 years and older with acquired thrombotic thrombocytopenic purpura (aTTP), in combination with plasma exchange and immunosuppressive therapy.

Who should not take CABLIVI?

Do not take CABLIVI if you've had an allergic reaction to caplacizumab-yhdp or to any of the ingredients in CABLIVI.

Please see [full Prescribing Information](#).



INDICATION AND IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (CONT'D)

What should I tell my healthcare team before starting CABLIVI?

Tell your doctor if you have a medical condition including if you have a bleeding disorder. Tell your doctor about any medicines you take, including medicines that increase your risk of bleeding such as antiplatelets, thrombolytics, heparin, or anti-coagulants.

Talk to your doctor before scheduling any surgery, medical or dental procedure.

What are the possible side effects of CABLIVI?

CABLIVI can cause severe bleeding. In clinical studies, severe bleeding adverse reactions of nosebleed, bleeding from the gums, bleeding in the stomach or intestines, and bleeding from the uterus were each reported in 1% of subjects. In the post-marketing setting, cases of life-threatening and fatal bleeding were reported in patients receiving CABLIVI. Contact your doctor immediately if symptoms of excessive bruising, excessive bleeding, or major bleeding occur. Signs and symptoms of bleeding include: pain, swelling or discomfort, prolonged bleeding from cuts, increased menstrual flow or vaginal bleeding, nosebleeds, bleeding of gums from brushing, unusual bleeding or bruising, red or dark brown urine, red or tar black stools, headache, dizziness, or weakness.

You may have a higher risk of bleeding if you have a bleeding disorder (i.e. hemophilia) or if you take other medicines that increase your risk of bleeding such as anti-coagulants and anti-platelet agents.

CABLIVI should be stopped for 7 days before surgery or any medical or dental procedure. Talk to your doctor before you stop taking CABLIVI.

The most common side effects in adults include nosebleed, headache and bleeding gums.

In children, the most reported side effects include nosebleed and rapid heartbeat.

Tell your doctor if you have any side effect that bothers you or that does not go away. These are not all the possible side effects of CABLIVI. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects.

Please see [full Prescribing Information](#).